



Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

CHAPTER

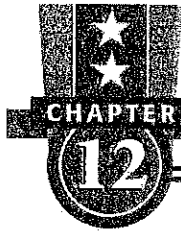
12

The Civil War

DAILY QUIZ 12.2

FILL IN THE BLANK (10 points each) For each of the following statements, fill in the blank with the appropriate word, phrase, or name.

1. The naval blockade planned by the North was called the _____ because it was intended to “squeeze the life out of the South.”
2. The southern strategy was to invade the North and receive help from France or _____, which relied on southern cotton for their mills.
3. Both the northern and southern armies suffered from _____ of food, clothing, and rifles.
4. More Civil War soldiers died from _____, infection, and malnutrition than from battle.
5. Many factory jobs in the North were taken over by _____ when workers left to join the war.
6. In the South, _____ residents at home were hit hardest by the war.
7. Dr. Elizabeth Blackwell helped run the _____, which worked to fight the diseases and infections that killed so many soldiers during the war.
8. To bring more men into the war, the South passed a _____, or draft, act.
9. Food shortages led to _____ in cities from Richmond, Virginia, to Mobile, Alabama.
10. Northern Democrats who sympathized with the South were called _____.



DAILY QUIZ 12.3

MULTIPLE CHOICE (10 points each) For each of the following, write the letter of the best choice in the space provided.

- _____ 1. Which of the following statements about the Battle of Shiloh is false?
 - a. Both sides suffered great losses.
 - b. The Union army won the battle.
 - c. Ulysses S. Grant led the Union.
 - d. Robert E. Lee led the Confederate army.
- _____ 2. The Union victory in the Battle of New Orleans
 - a. included the first use of cannons in the Civil War.
 - b. allowed the Union to cut off the South's supply route.
 - c. boosted Confederate morale.
 - d. resulted in no deaths.
- _____ 3. General George B. McClellan
 - a. often was reluctant to attack the Confederates.
 - b. did not train his soldiers.
 - c. ran an undisciplined army.
 - d. only led attacks when the president told him to do so.
- _____ 4. After the Battle of Yorktown, southern forces were led by
 - a. John B. Magruder.
 - b. Joseph E. Johnston.
 - c. Stonewall Jackson.
 - d. Robert E. Lee.
- _____ 5. In 1862 Congress allowed
 - a. African Americans to serve in the military.
 - b. Union soldiers to quit.
 - c. slavery in Ohio.
 - d. the South to officially secede.
- _____ 6. The Emancipation Proclamation stated that
 - a. all slaves were free.
 - b. slaves living in all southern states were free.
 - c. northern slaves were free.
 - d. slaves living in rebelling southern states were free.
- _____ 7. After the Battle of Antietam
 - a. 13,000 soldiers lay dead.
 - b. no European country would support the Confederacy.
 - c. Robert E. Lee was fired.
 - d. the North lost confidence.
- _____ 8. The 54th Massachusetts Infantry
 - a. was made up of African Americans.
 - b. had many female troops.
 - c. was made up of American Indians.
 - d. was run by slaves.
- _____ 9. Union soldiers lost the Battle of Fredericksburg because
 - a. they were cornered.
 - b. they were outnumbered.
 - c. they crossed an open field.
 - d. they were lost in the hills.
- _____ 10. General Stonewall Jackson was killed at the Battle of Chancellorsville when he
 - a. was outflanked.
 - b. dressed up as a Union soldier.
 - c. was mistaken for a Union soldier and shot by his own men.
 - d. fell off his horse.